HIOW4





RE: Follow-up to T-18 Spill Medicus, Kimberly (ECY)

to:

Ravi Sanga

03/19/2012 12:14 PM

Cc:

"Zorzi, Howard (ECY)", "Bardy, Louise (ECY)"

Hide Details

From: "Medicus, Kimberly (ECY)" < kmed461@ECY.WA.GOV>

To: Ravi Sanga/R10/USEPA/US@EPA

Cc: "Zorzi, Howard (ECY)" <HZOR461@ECY.WA.GOV>, "Bardy, Louise (ECY)" <LBAR461@ECY.WA.GOV>

History: This message has been forwarded.

1 Attachment



SSA Australia Express Spill 3-9-12.JPG

Ravi,



I apologize for not getting back to you last week. I was only in the office for a very short time before I took sick leave.

First of all, when I spoke with you Monday I was not aware that there was any kind of RI/FS underway for the Terminal 18 site. The spill occurred from a 20 foot container that was being loaded upon a container ship, the Australia Express, by SSA personnel. The container damaged and the bladder containing approximately 6000 gallons began to leak. An a very vague 'couple hundred gallons' of the material left the dock through a series of 6 drains and entered the Duwamish River.

The Spills Team's primary objective, when the spill of the S-7079 material occurred, was to ensure that no more product was entering the waterway and that the clean-up of the spilled material was being handled

appropriately. At the request of our NRDA investigator, we took source samples of the S-7079 material spilled to the dock surface. We also took daily samples of the material that was entrained in the water column to prove that the pollution persisted over a number of days.

We contacted Alice Drury with NOAA to ask about the aquatic toxicity of the S-7079 product and to get some general information that was not listed on the MSDS. She stated that her contact at Louisiana State University said that the material did have some aquatic toxicity in high quantities, but the primary issue is that it has a tendency to remove dissolved oxygen if it persists.

The USCG was on scene the evening of 3-9-12 when the spill occurred. They did not return to the site on the following days because the material was not a CERCLA listed substance.

Unfortunately, the Spills Team does not have access to any information regarding who is in control of clean-up sites along the Duwamish. I contacted our Toxics Cleanup Program personnel on the following Monday and I was told that we are not responsible for any of the clean-up in the Terminal 18 area and told to contact you.

When I spoke with you, our thinking—from purely a Spill Response standpoint—was that the S-7079 material may have entered the sediments in the area of the spill and we were interested in whether it would have any long-term environmental impacts. Our NRDA team suggested that taking a small sediment sample might help in their case. I contacted you to request permission to take the sample because we had a dive team scheduled to do a post-spill assessment to determine the persistence of the material in the water column.

I apologize if any confusion has taken place. I am willing to assist you in whatever capacity that I am capable of, but I was only involved in the emergency phase of the incident and not in control of any subsequent clean-up activities that may be forthcoming as a result of the accident.

I have attached a Google map document indicating the approximate latitude and longitude of the drains where the material left the dock and spilled to the water/riprap. That area is marked with a red oval. The yellow oval indicates where the material was seen floating within the water column in the Duwamish River. Much of it was flushed out by the River and tidal action into Elliott Bay.

I will forward you the HCID report in a separate email and fax you the copy of the MSDS that I was given.

Best,

Kimberly Medicus Washington State Department of Ecology Spill Responder Phone: 425-649-7291

Cell: 425-457-1964

From: Ravi Sanga [mailto:Sanga.Ravi@epamail.epa.gov]

Sent: Monday, March 19, 2012 9:20 AM

To: Medicus, Kimberly (ECY) **Subject:** Follow-up to T-18 Spill

Kym -- I am just following up to the spill that occurred at East Waterway last week. As you are aware, the East Waterway is part of the Harbor Island Superfund site and EPA and the Port of Seattle are conducting a Remedial Investigation and Feasibility Study of the entire waterway. EPA needs to be involved with decisions on the next steps that will be taken to address the contamination. As we discussed, please send me the draft data report that Ecology has regarding the nature of the petroleum distillate contamination at T-18.

Should you have any questions, please give me a call.

regards,

Ravi

Ravi Sanga, MS Environmental Scientist - Remedial Project Manager US EPA Region 10 Office of Environmental Cleanup phone: (206) 553-4092 fax: (206) 553-0124



Latitude, Longitude: 47.58227215215811, -122.34647512435913

Manchester Environmental Laboratory

7411 Beach Dr E, Port Orchard, Washington 98366

Case Narrative March 13, 2012

Subject:

SSA 2-7079 Spill 3-9-12 Project

Sample(s): 1203060-01

Officer(s): Kimberly Medicus

Work Order#: 1203060

By:

Bob Carrell

Hydrocarbon Identification Analysis

Analytical Method(s)

The sample was extracted with methylene chloride then analyzed, along with a method blank and various petroleum product standards, by gas chromatography with flame ionization detection (GC/FID). This method is consistent with a modified EPA SW-846 Method 8015B and/or ASTM Method D-3328.

Holding Times

The sample was analyzed within the recommended method holding time.

Calibration

This is not applicable in the traditional sense since only various petroleum products standards are analyzed to establish chromatographic product "fingerprints".

Blanks

No analytically significant levels of any petroleum product or hydrocarbon were detected in the method blank (B12C094-BLK1) associated with this sample.

Comments

nC14.

The HCID analysis showed the following:

Sample	Result
Бащри	Troour

1203060-01 A heavy mineral spirits type product and probably either a vegetable or animal oil.

Aliphatic mineral spirits has a range of compounds from nC9 through nC12 whereas the mineral spirits type product in this sample has a range of compounds from nC11 through

The possible vegetable or animal oil was suggested by the fact that significant amount of this sample was not immediately soluble in methylene chloride and after treating the extract with an acid and a base followed by methanol addition, several discrete compounds were produced. This is suggestive of the change produced in fatty acid triglycerides when subjected to the acid/base/methanol treatment to produce fatty acid methyl esters. Confirmation of the presence of fatty acid triglycerides would require a more extensive analysis.

Washington State Department of Ecology Manchester Environmental Laboratory Final Analysis Report for

Hydrocarbon Identification

Project Name: SSA 2-7079 Spill 3-9-12

Work Order: 1203060

Project Officer: Medicus, Kimberly

Analyte: Hydrocarbon identification

Method: HYDRO-ID
Matrix: Oil/Solvent

Sample # Sample ID Collected Analyzed Result

1203060-01 Dock 03/09/12 03/13/12 This sample contains a heavy mineral spirits and probably either a vegetable or animal oil.

QC Results for Batch ID: B12C094

Method Blank

B12C094-BLK1 Blank

No detectable petroleum hydrocarbons or products found.

Authorized by:

Barell

Release Date:

3-14-12

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FW: Final Report Medicus, Kimberly (ECY)

to:

Ravi Sanga

03/19/2012 12:19 PM

Hide Details

From: "Medicus, Kimberly (ECY)" < kmed461@ECY.WA.GOV>

To: Ravi Sanga/R10/USEPA/US@EPA

History: This message has been forwarded.

1 Attachment



SSA 2-7079 Spill -1203060.pdf

Ravi,

 \cdot I requested an HCID report from our lab for our source sample. Here are the results.

Best,

Kimberly Medicus Washington State Department of Ecology Spill Responder Phone: 425-649-7291

Cell: (b) (6)

From: Rosenbower, Nancy (ECY)

Sent: Friday, March 16, 2012 11:18 AM

To: Medicus, Kimberly (ECY) **Subject:** Final Report

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CYTEC

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

MSDS No: 06263 CAS No: Mixture Date: 02-Jul-2001

Supercedes: 25-May-2001

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY

PRODUCT NAME: S-7079 Mining Intermediate

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION: Modified polyacrylamide in water-in-oil emulsion

CLASSIFICATION: Hazardous according to criteria of Worksafe Australia

CYTEC AUSTRALIA HOLDINGS PTY LIMITED, SUITE 1, LEVEL 1, 21 SOLENT CIRCUIT, BAULKHAM

HILLS, NSW, 2153, AUSTRALIA, TEL 61 2 9846 6200

EMERGENCY PHONE: IN AUSTRALIA: 1800 033 111; IN NEW ZEALAND: 0800 734 607; IN PAPUA NEW

GUINEA: +61 3 9663 2130

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

COMPONENT CAS. NO. % SYMBOL RISK PHRASES

Petroleum distillate 064742-47-8 24.9 Xn R65

hydrotreated light

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

HUMAN HAZARDS

Irritating to skin.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

INGESTION

Seek medical advice immediately and show the container, label or this data sheet.

Only induce vomiting at the instruction of a physician.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

SKIN CONTACT

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Wash immediately with plenty of water.

Do not reuse contaminated clothing without laundering.

Get medical attention if pain or irritation persists after washing or if signs and symptoms of overexposure appear.

EYE CONTACT

Rinse immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.

INHALATION.

Remove to fresh air.

If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.

Obtain medical advice if there are persistent symptoms.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Use water spray, carbon dioxide or dry chemical.

MSDS No: 06263 Date: 02-Jul-2001

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PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Firefighters, and others exposed, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Wear full firefighting protective clothing.

See Section 8 (Exposure Controls/Personal Protection).

SPECIAL HAZARDS

Keep containers cool by spraying with water if exposed to fire.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS

Spills are very slippery.

METHODS FOR CLEANING UP

Product may cause a slip hazard.

Spilled material should be absorbed onto an inert material and scooped up.

Flush spill area with water.

If slipperiness remains apply more dry-sweeping compound.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING

None

STORAGE

To avoid product degradation and equipment corrosion, do not use iron, copper or aluminum containers or equipment.

Flashpoint determinations on materials of this type are required by certain regulations and scientific standards to be performed using a Pensky-Martens type closed cup test method. This method indicates a flash point greater than 93.3 C (200 F). Although there was no flashpoint detected below 93.3 C (200 F) by the Pensky-Martens Closed Tester method, some flammable vapors were evolved during the test as evidenced by the enlargement of the test flame; therefore, caution should be exercised during storage and handling.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

CONTROL PARAMETERS - Australian or USA

COMPONENT	CAS, NO.	%	VALUE	REFERENCE
Petroleum distillate	064742-47-8	24.9	not established	NOHSC:1003
hydrotreated light			1200 mg/m3	Supplier
	•		500 ppm	OSHA
	•		165 ppm	Supplier

ENGINEERING MEASURES

Where this material is not used in a closed system, good enclosure and local exhaust ventilation should be provided to control exposure.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear eye/face protection such as chemical goggles or face shield.

Eyewash equipment and safety shower should be provided in areas of potential exposure.

MSDS No. 06263 Date: 02-Jul-2001

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SKIN PROTECTION

Wear impermeable gloves and suitable protective dothing.

ADDITIONAL

Food, beverages, and tobacco products should not be carried, stored, or consumed where this material is in use.

Before eating, drinking, or smoking, wash face and hands thoroughly with soap and water.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

COLOUR:

white

MATERIAL STATE:

liquid

ODOUR:

sulphur

BOILING POINT:

Similar to water

MELTING POINT:

Similar to water

VAPOUR PRESSURE:

Similar to water

SPECIFIC GRAVITY:

1.0

VAPOUR DENSITY:

Similar to water

% VOLATILE (By Wt.);

70

pH:

4 - 6

EVAPORATION RATE:

Not available

SOLUBILITY IN WATER:

Limited by viscosity

FLASH POINT:

>100 C

FLASH POINT METHOD:

Pensky-Martens Closed Cup

FLAMMABLE LIMITS (% By

Not available

AUTOIGNITION TEMP:

Not available

DECOMPOSITION TEMP:

Not available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY: Stable

CONDITIONS TO AVOID

None known

MATERIALS TO AVOID

Avoid aluminium, iron and copper

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

carbon monoxide; carbon dioxide; ammonia; oxides of nitrogen; oxides of sulphur (includes sulphur di and tri oxides)

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

EEC SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION TOXICITY CLASSIFICATION

Acute LD50; oral; rat

Not applicable

Acute LD50; dermal; rabbit

Not applicable

Acute LC50 (4 hr); inhalation; rat

>2000 mg/kg

>5000 mg/kg

Acute Irritation; dermal

Not applicable >20.0 mg/l

Acute Irritation; eye Sensitization; dermal Irritating Not irritating Not sensitizing

M\$DS No: 06263 Date: 02-Jul-2001

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Sensitization; inhalation

Not sensitizing

Ames Salmonella Assay

No data

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Imitating to skin.

HAZARDOUS INGREDIENT TOXICITY DATA

064742-47-8 Petroleum distillate hydrotreated light

Type	Route	Species	Results	Assessment
Acute LD50 (Actual)	oral	rat	>5 g/kg	Not applicable
Acute LD50 (Actual)	dermal	rabbit	>3.16 g/kg	Not applicable
Acute Dermal	٠			Not irritating
Acute Eye Imitation				Not irritating

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ASSESSMENT

No aquatic LC50, BOD, or COD data available.

TEST RESULTS

Octanol/H2O Partition Coef.: Not available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

CYTEC encourages the recycle, recovery and reuse of materials, where permitted. If disposal is necessary, CYTEC recommends that organic materials, especially when classified as hazardous waste, be disposed of by thermal treatment or incineration at approved facilities.

All local and national regulations should be followed.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

AUSTRALIA (ADG)

Hazchem Code: Not Applicable Poisons Schedule No.: None Allocated

INTERNATIONAL SHIPPING INFORMATION

IMO

SHIPPING NAME:

NOT APPLICABLE/NOT REGULATED

HAZARD CLASS:

Not applicable

SUBSIDIARY CLASS:

Not applicable

UN NUMBER:

Not applicable

PACKING GROUP:

Not applicable

TRANSPORT LABEL REQUIRED:

None required

ICAO/IATA

SHIPPING NAME:

NOT APPLICABLE/NOT REGULATED

HAZARD CLASS:

Not applicable

SUBSIDIARY CLASS:

Not applicable

UN NUMBER:

Not applicable

MSDS No: 06263 Date: 02-Jul-2001

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PACKING GROUP:

Not applicable

TRANSPORT LABEL REQUIRED:

None required

ADDITIONAL TRANSPORT INFORMATION

TECHNICAL NAME (N.O.S.): Not applicable

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

MARKING AND LABELING

SYMBOL: Xi Initant

RISK PHRASES: R38 Imitating to skin.

SAFETY PHRASES: \$81 Spills are very slippery.

INVENTORY INFORMATION

ENTORTHAL	KINATION
AUSTRALIA:	All components of this product are included in the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).
EEC EINECS:	All components of this product are included in the European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (EINECS) or are polymers of which the components are in EINECS, in compliance with Council Directive 67/548/EEC and its amendments.
US TSCA:	All components of this product are included on the TSCA Inventory in compliance with the Toxic Substances Control Act, 15 U. S. C. 2601 et. seq.
CANADA DSL:	Components of this product have been reported to Environment Canada in accordance with subsection 25 of the Canadian Environmental Protection Act and are included on the Domestic Substances List.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

REASON FOR ISSUE

New Company Identification

Randy Deskin, Ph.D., DABT Australian Contact Point: Regulatory Manager (02) 9846 6200

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